

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2019

LCO No. 10682



Offered by:

REP. TERCYAK, 26th Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **6943**

File No. 7

Cal. No. 20

"AN ACT ALLOWING MEDICAL ASSISTANTS TO ADMINISTER VACCINES."

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 Section 1. Subsection (c) of section 19a-89e of the general statutes is
- 4 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 5 October 1, 2019):
- 6 (c) Each hospital shall establish a hospital staffing committee to
- 7 assist in the preparation of the nurse staffing plan required pursuant to
- 8 subsection (b) of this section. Registered nurses employed by the
- 9 hospital whose primary responsibility is to provide direct patient care
- shall account for not less than fifty per cent of the membership of each
- 11 hospital's staffing committee. In order to comply with the requirement
- 12 that a hospital establish a hospital staffing committee, a hospital may
- 13 utilize an existing committee or committees to assist in the preparation
- of the nurse staffing plan, provided not less than fifty per cent of the
- 15 members of such existing committee or committees are registered

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nurses employed by the hospital whose primary responsibility is to provide direct patient care. Each hospital, in collaboration with its staffing committee, shall develop and implement to the best of its ability the prospective nurse staffing plan. Such plan shall: (1) Include the minimum professional skill mix for each patient care unit in the hospital, including, but not limited to, inpatient services, critical care and the emergency department; (2) identify the hospital's employment practices concerning the use of temporary and traveling nurses; (3) set forth the level of administrative staffing in each patient care unit of the hospital that ensures direct care staff are not utilized for administrative functions; (4) set forth the hospital's process for internal review of the nurse staffing plan; and (5) include the hospital's mechanism of obtaining input from direct care staff, including nurses and other members of the hospital's patient care team, in the development of the nurse staffing plan. In addition to the information described in subdivisions (1) to (5), inclusive, of this subsection, nurse staffing plans developed and implemented after January 1, 2016, shall include: (A) The number of registered nurses providing direct patient care and the ratio of patients to such registered nurses by patient care unit; (B) the number of licensed practical nurses providing direct patient care and the ratio of patients to such licensed practical nurses, by patient care unit; (C) the number of assistive personnel providing direct patient care and the ratio of patients to such assistive personnel, by patient care unit; (D) the method used by the hospital to determine and adjust direct patient care staffing levels; and (E) a description of supporting personnel assisting on each patient care unit. In addition to the information described in subdivisions (1) to (5), inclusive, of this subsection and subparagraphs (A) to (E), inclusive, of this subdivision, nurse staffing plans developed and implemented after January 1, 2017, shall include: (i) A description of any differences between the staffing levels described in the staffing plan and actual staffing levels for each patient care unit; and (ii) any actions the hospital intends to take to address such differences or adjust staffing levels in future staffing plans. Each hospital shall post its nurse staffing plan on each of its units in a location that is visible, conspicuous and accessible to hospital sHB 6943 Amendment

- 51 <u>staff and patients and the public.</u>
- Sec. 2. Section 19a-490*l* of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):
- 54 (a) As used in this section:
- 55 (1) "Nurse" means a registered nurse or a practical nurse licensed 56 pursuant to chapter 378, or a nurse's aide registered pursuant to
- 57 chapter 378a; [and]

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- 58 (2) "Hospital" has the same meaning as set forth in section 19a-490;
- 59 (3) "Respiratory care practitioner" has the same meaning as 60 provided in section 20-162n; and
- 61 <u>(4) "Surgical technologist" means a graduate of an accredited</u> 62 educational program in surgical technology.
 - (b) No hospital may require a nurse, respiratory care practitioner or surgical technologist to work in excess of a predetermined scheduled work shift, provided such scheduled work shift is determined and promulgated not less than forty-eight hours prior to the commencement of such scheduled work shift. Any nurse, respiratory care practitioner or surgical technologist may volunteer or agree to work hours in addition to such scheduled work shift but the refusal by a nurse, respiratory care practitioner or surgical technologist to accept such additional hours shall not be grounds for discrimination, dismissal, discharge or any other penalty or employment decision adverse to the nurse, respiratory care practitioner or surgical technologist.
 - (c) The provisions of this section shall not apply: (1) To any nurse, respiratory care practitioner or surgical technologist participating in a surgical procedure until such procedure is completed; (2) to any nurse, respiratory care practitioner or surgical technologist working in a critical care unit until such nurse, respiratory care practitioner or surgical technologist is relieved by another nurse, respiratory care

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practitioner or surgical technologist who is commencing a scheduled work shift; (3) in the case of a public health emergency; (4) in the case of an institutional emergency, including, but not limited to, adverse weather conditions, catastrophe or widespread illness, that in the opinion of the hospital administrator will significantly reduce the number of nurses, respiratory care practitioners or surgical technologists available for a scheduled work shift, provided the hospital administrator has made a good faith effort to mitigate the impact of such institutional emergency on the availability of nurses, respiratory care practitioners or surgical technologists; or (5) to any nurse, respiratory care practitioner or surgical technologist who is covered by a collective bargaining agreement that contains provisions addressing the issue of mandatory overtime.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2019	19a-89e(c)
Sec 2	October 1 2019	19a-4901